
How To End A Letter

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MASTERING THE ART OF THE PERFECT LETTER CLOSING

In an age dominated by instant messages and fleeting emails, the written letter still carries a unique weight. Whether you are drafting a formal business proposal, a heartfelt personal note, or a professional cover letter, every component matters. Yet, one element often receives far less attention than it deserves: the closing. Knowing **how to end a letter** is more than just signing your name; it is the final

impression you leave on your reader. A well-chosen closing can reinforce your message, convey the right tone, and prompt the desired action. A weak or mismatched sign-off, on the other hand, can undermine everything you have written. This comprehensive guide will walk you through every nuance of ending a letter effectively, ensuring your correspondence always concludes with grace and purpose.

The way you end a communication sets the stage for future interactions. It signals respect, professionalism,

warmth, or urgency—depending on the relationship and context. From traditional formal closings like "Sincerely" to modern alternatives such as "Best regards," the landscape of letter endings is rich and nuanced. By the end of this article, you will have a clear roadmap for selecting the perfect closing for any situation, along with practical tips for formatting, punctuation, and adding a personal touch.

Why the Closing of Your

Letter Matters

First impressions are powerful, but last impressions are often what linger. The closing of your letter is the final thing your recipient reads before moving on. It frames your entire message. A carefully chosen closing can:

- **Reinforce your main point** – by echoing a call to action or a sentiment.
- **Reflect your relationship** – from formal to intimate.
- **Demonstrate etiquette** – showing you understand the context and culture.

- **Encourage a response** – especially in business or requests.
- **Leave a positive aftertaste** – making the reader feel valued or respected.

Conversely, an inappropriate or abrupt ending can create confusion, appear rude, or weaken your credibility. For example, closing a job application with "Later" would seem unprofessional, while ending a condolence note with "Sincerely" might feel too distant. Understanding how to end a letter means matching the sign-off to the tone and purpose of the entire piece.

Key Elements of a Strong Letter Ending

Before we dive into specific closing phrases, it helps to understand the structural components that make up a proper ending. These elements work together to create a polished finish.

THE CLOSING PHRASE (VALEDICTION)

This is the word or phrase just before your signature, such as

"Yours faithfully" or "With love." It is the most visible part of your ending. The valediction should align with the salutation (the greeting). For instance, if you started with "Dear Sir or Madam," the traditional closing in British English is "Yours faithfully." If you used the recipient's name, "Yours sincerely" is standard in formal letters.

YOUR SIGNATURE

In handwritten letters, this is your written name. In typed letters, you typically leave a blank line for your handwritten signature above your typed name. For emails, your typed name or a digital signature block suffices.

ADDITIONAL CONTACT INFORMATION

Especially in business correspondence, it is common to include your title, phone number, email, or company name below your typed name. This makes it easy for the recipient to follow up.

POSTSCRIPT (OPTIONAL)

A postscript, or P.S., is a brief afterthought added after the signature. While often considered old-fashioned, a P.S. can be used effectively to emphasize a key point or add a personal note. However, in formal letters, it is best avoided unless you have a specific reason.

Formal Letter Closings: When and How to Use Them

Formal letters demand respect and adherence to established conventions. Knowing how to end a letter in a formal context is essential for job applications, official complaints, business proposals, or any correspondence where the relationship is professional or hierarchical.

Here are the most

common formal closings, along with guidance on when to use each:

- **Yours faithfully**
 - Used when you do not know the recipient's name (e.g., "Dear Sir/Madam"). This is a classic, safe choice for very formal letters.
- **Yours sincerely**
 - Used when you address the recipient by name (e.g., "Dear Mr. Smith"). It is the standard closing for most formal business letters.
- **Respectfully** – Appropriate when writing to someone in a position of authority, such as a judge, a high-ranking

official, or a religious leader. It conveys deference.

- **With sincere appreciation** –

Good for thank-you letters or when you are genuinely grateful for a recipient's time or help.

- **Best regards** –

A versatile formal-to-semi-formal closing that is widely accepted in modern business emails and letters. It is warmer than "Sincerely" but still professional.

When using formal closings, always capitalize the first word. For example, "Yours sincerely" rather than "yours sincerely." In American

English, the first word is often capitalized (e.g., "Sincerely yours"), while in British English, only the first word is capitalized. Either form is acceptable as long as you are consistent.

PUNCTUATION: TO COMMA OR NOT TO COMMA

In traditional letter writing, a comma follows the closing phrase. For example:

Yours sincerely,
John Doe

However, in the age of emails and less formal correspondence, the comma is sometimes omitted.

For consistency and clarity, using a comma is recommended in handwritten letters. In emails, you may choose to omit it, but adding a comma never

looks wrong.

Informal Letter Closings: Warmth and Personalit y

Informal letters include notes to friends, family, or close colleagues. Here, you have far more flexibility. How to end a letter to a loved one involves conveying your genuine feelings without the constraints of protocol. Popular informal closings include:

- **With love** – Ideal for family, romantic partners, or very close friends.
- **Warmly** – A friendly but not overly intimate option for friends or acquaintances.
- **Cheers** – Casual and modern; works well in emails to friends or peers.
- **Take care** – A caring, warm closing that shows concern for the recipient's well-being.
- **Yours truly** – A touch more formal than "With love" but still personal.
- **Hugs or XOXO** – Very intimate; only for those you are

extremely close to.

In informal letters, you can also add a postscript or a short note after your signature. For example: "P.S. Let's plan that trip soon!" This adds a conversational feel.

Semi-Formal and Business Email Closings

Not every professional email requires the rigidity of "Yours sincerely." In many workplaces, semi-formal closings are

standard. These strike a balance between professionalism and approachability. Examples include:

- **Best regards**
- **Sincerely**
- **Kind regards**
- **Warm regards**
- **Thank you** – Effective when you are asking for something or acknowledging a favour.
- **All the best** – A bit more friendly but still appropriate for colleagues.
- **With gratitude** – Suitable for letters of appreciation or after receiving help.

When ending a business email, your signature block should include your full name, title, company, and

possibly a link to your LinkedIn profile. A well-designed email signature reinforces your professionalism.

Letter Closings for Specific Situations

Different scenarios call for tailored endings. Understanding these nuances is key to mastering how to end a letter effectively.

COVER LETTERS AND JOB APPLICATIONS

Your cover letter closing should express enthusiasm and prompt action.

Common closings include:

- **Sincerely or Yours sincerely**
- **Best regards**
- **Thank you for your time and consideration**

After the closing, you might add a line like: "I look forward to hearing from you soon." This encourages the hiring manager to follow up. Avoid overly casual closings like "Cheers" or "Later."

RESIGNATION LETTERS

End a resignation letter with professionalism and goodwill. Simple closings work best:

- **Sincerely**
- **Best regards**
- **With appreciation for the opportunities I**

have had here

You may also express your gratitude in the body of the letter, but the closing should remain respectful.

CONDOLENCE LETTERS

Ending a sympathy letter requires sensitivity. Avoid closing with "Sincerely" as it may feel too formal. Instead, use:

- **With deepest sympathy**
- **Thinking of you and your family**
- **In heartfelt sympathy**
- **With love and condolences** (if close to the bereaved)

Your closing should express warmth and support without overstepping.

THANK-YOU LETTERS

Whether for a gift, an interview, or a favour, thank-you letters should end with a note of gratitude again. Examples:

- **With sincere thanks**
- **Gratefully**
- **Thank you again for your kindness**
- **Yours gratefully**

You can also include a forward-looking statement such as "I hope to see you soon" or "I appreciate your support."

LETTERS OF COMPLAINT

When ending a complaint letter, maintain a firm but polite tone. Your closing should convey

that you expect action.
Suggested closings:

- **Sincerely**
- **Yours sincerely**
- **I look forward to your prompt response**
- **Thank you for your attention to this matter**

Avoid aggressive or threatening language. A calm, professional closing is more likely to get results.

Common Mistakes to Avoid When Ending a

Letter

Even experienced writers can trip up on letter closings. Here are some pitfalls to watch out for:

- **Mismatching the salutation** – If you started with "Dear Sir," do not end with "Love." Consistency is key.
- **Using overly casual language in formal letters** – "Later," "Ciao," or "Peace out" have no place in business correspondence.
- **Forgetting to include a signature** – In handwritten letters, always sign your name. In typed letters,

leave space for a signature or use a digital signature.

- **Overcomplicating the closing** – Sometimes simple is best. Stick to standard phrases unless you have a strong reason to be creative.
- **Neglecting to proofread** – A typo in your closing can undermine your professionalism. Double-check spelling of names and the closing phrase itself.
- **Using a closing that does not match the tone of the letter** – If you have written an angry complaint, ending with "Warmly" would

seem insincere.

How to End a Letter in Digital vs. Print Formats

The medium influences the closing. In emails, closings are often shorter and less formal than in printed letters. However, the same principles of appropriateness apply. When writing an email, you may omit the handwritten signature, but you should still include your typed name and contact details. In a printed letter, the blank space

for your signature adds a personal touch that cannot be replicated digitally. For formal printed letters, always use a pen to sign in blue or black ink.

Additionally, in emails, you may use a standard email signature that includes your full name, title, company, and social media links. This saves you from typing a