
How To Put Your Cat On A Diet

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A Diet by Cowan & Cali*

INTRODUCTION: WHY YOUR CAT'S HEALTH HINGES ON THEIR WAISTLINE

Is your feline friend starting to look less like a sleek predator and more like a furry football? You are not alone. Pet obesity is a growing concern, with studies suggesting that a significant percentage of domestic cats are overweight or obese. While that extra fluff might look cute when they roll over for a belly rub, carrying excess weight can dramatically shorten your cat's life and diminish their quality of living. From diabetes and arthritis to heart disease and urinary issues, the health risks are serious. This brings us to a critical question every responsible pet owner must face: **how to put your cat on a diet** without causing stress, hunger, or rebellion. The good news is that with a structured, compassionate approach, you can help your cat reach a healthy weight. This guide will walk you through every step, from understanding feline nutrition to implementing a sustainable weight loss plan.

UNDERSTANDING FELINE OBESITY: IS YOUR CAT ACTUALLY OVERWEIGHT?

Before diving into the specifics of **how to put your cat on a diet**, you need to objectively assess their current condition. Many owners underestimate their cat's weight, especially if the fluff is

thick. A simple visual and tactile check can help.

The Rib Test and Body Condition Score

Run your hands along your cat's sides. You should be able to feel their ribs with a light layer of fat covering them, similar to the feel of the back of your hand. If you have to press hard to find the ribs, your cat is likely overweight. If you can see the ribs without touching, they may be underweight. Veterinarians use a Body Condition Score (BCS) system, usually on a scale of 1 to 9 or 1 to 5. A score of 4 or 5 out of 9 is ideal. Anything above that indicates your cat needs a structured weight management plan.

Other Signs of Excess Weight

- **Lack of a defined waist:** When looking at your cat from above, you should see a slight indentation at the waist. If they look like a straight brick or an oval, weight loss is needed.
- **A sagging belly pouch:** Some cats have a natural "primordial pouch," but a large, pendulous belly filled with fat is a different matter.
- **Reduced activity:** If your cat

sleeps more, struggles to jump onto furniture, or grooms less frequently, excess weight could be the cause.

STEP 1: THE NON-NEGOTIABLE VET VISIT

Any discussion about **how to put your cat on a diet** must begin with a trip to the veterinarian. Do not skip this step. Your vet will perform a comprehensive check-up to rule out underlying medical conditions that can cause weight gain, such as hypothyroidism or Cushing's disease. They will also weigh your cat accurately and calculate their ideal body weight. This target number is the cornerstone of your entire diet plan. Your vet can also recommend a specific daily calorie intake, which is far more reliable than generic charts found online. Be prepared to discuss your cat's current food, portion sizes, treats, and lifestyle. With professional guidance, you can ensure the weight loss is gradual and safe. Rapid weight loss in cats can lead to a dangerous condition called hepatic lipidosis (fatty liver disease), so a slow, steady approach is essential.

STEP 2: CALCULATING CALORIES - THE MATH BEHIND THE MEOW

Once you have your cat's ideal weight from the vet, you can calculate their daily caloric needs. A general rule of thumb for weight loss is to feed **roughly 20 calories per pound of ideal body weight** per day. However, this is just a starting point. For example, if your cat's ideal weight is 10 pounds, they should consume around 200 calories daily. This figure can vary based on age, activity level, and metabolism. Your vet can give you a precise number. This caloric target includes everything that goes into your

cat's mouth – kibble, wet food, treats, and even medications. If you find your cat is not losing weight on this amount, you may need to reduce it slightly, but only under veterinary supervision.

STEP 3: CHOOSING THE RIGHT FOOD FOR WEIGHT LOSS

Not all cat foods are created equal, especially when it comes to weight management. When learning **how to put your cat on a diet**, you have two primary options: switching to a prescription weight loss diet or adjusting portions of their current food.

Prescription Weight Loss Diets

These are specially formulated to be low in calories but high in fiber and protein. The fiber helps your cat feel full longer, while the protein helps preserve lean muscle mass during weight loss. Brands like Hill's Metabolic, Royal Canin Satiety Support, and Purina Pro Plan OM are popular choices. These foods often require a veterinary prescription because they are designed for a specific purpose and may not be suitable for all cats.

High-Quality Wet Food

Wet food is often a better choice for weight loss than dry kibble. It has a higher moisture content (which helps with hydration) and is typically lower in carbohydrates and calories per gram.

The volume of wet food can also be more satisfying for your cat. If you currently feed dry food, consider transitioning to a high-protein, low-carbohydrate canned food.

Measuring Matters

Whether you stick with dry food or switch to wet, you must measure every single portion. Use a kitchen scale for maximum accuracy, as standard measuring cups can be off by 20-30%. Do not estimate. "Eyeballing" a portion is the fastest way to sabotage your weight loss efforts. Feed the exact amount recommended by your vet based on the specific food's calorie density.

STEP 4: CREATING A STRUCTURED FEEDING SCHEDULE

Free-feeding (leaving a bowl of food out all day) is the enemy of weight loss. Cats are natural grazers, but when unlimited food is available, they will often eat more than they need. The best approach for **how to put your cat on a diet** is to switch to measured meals. Offer two to three small meals per day at consistent times. This creates a routine and helps control hunger. If your cat cries for food between meals, try splitting their daily ration into four or five tiny meals. Some owners use automatic feeders that dispense small portions at set times. This can work well, but make sure you program the correct total daily amount.

STEP 5: RETHINKING TREATS AND TABLE SCRAPS

Treats are often the hidden calorie bombs that derail the best diet plans.

Many commercial cat treats are high in carbohydrates and fats. A single treat can contain 10-20 calories, which can add up quickly. If you are serious about **how to put your cat on a diet**, you need to severely limit or eliminate treats. Instead, use a few pieces of their regular kibble as a reward. Better yet, use affection, playtime, or a brushing session as a non-food reward. If you must give treats, choose freeze-dried meat treats (like chicken or salmon) that are single-ingredient and low in calories. Never give table scraps. Human food is not nutritionally balanced for cats and is often too high in fat and salt, contributing to weight gain and other health issues.

STEP 6: BOOSTING ACTIVITY - EXERCISE FOR INDOOR CATS

Diet is only half the equation. To successfully address **how to put your cat on a diet**, you must also increase their energy expenditure. Indoor cats, especially, tend to be sedentary. You need to encourage movement without forcing it.

Interactive Play Sessions

Engage your cat in short, high-intensity play sessions at least twice a day for 10-15 minutes each. Use wand toys, laser pointers (be careful not to shine in their eyes), or feather teasers. Let them chase, pounce, and jump. The goal is to get their heart rate up.

Environmental

Enrichment

Make your home more cat-friendly. Provide cat trees, shelves, and window perches that require jumping or climbing. Place food bowls in different locations (or even on different levels) so your cat has to walk to find their meals. Puzzle feeders are another excellent tool. They make your cat work for their food, slowing down eating and providing mental stimulation. A simple puzzle feeder can turn a 5-minute meal into a 20-minute activity.

STEP 7: TRACKING PROGRESS AND ADJUSTING THE PLAN

Weight loss in cats should be slow and steady. A healthy rate is about 1-2% of their body weight per week. For a 12-pound cat, that's roughly 2-3 ounces per week. You may not see a difference overnight. Weigh your cat every two weeks using the same scale. Keep a simple log of their weight and the amount of food you are feeding. If you notice they are not losing weight after a month, you may need to reduce calories slightly or increase their activity. If they are losing weight too fast, you may need to add a few calories. Always consult your vet before making significant adjustments. Remember, patience is key. It can take several months for an obese cat to reach a healthy weight.

COMMON MISTAKES TO AVOID WHEN PUTTING YOUR CAT ON A DIET

Many well-intentioned owners stumble when learning **how to put your cat on a diet**. Here are some pitfalls to avoid:

- **Cutting calories too drastically:** This can lead to

nutritional deficiencies and dangerous rapid weight loss. Slow and steady wins the race.

- **Ignoring "extras":** Treats, table scraps, and even catnip can add unaccounted calories. Be vigilant about everything that enters your cat's mouth.
- **Giving in to begging:** Cats are masters of manipulation. Do not give extra food just because they cry. Stick to the plan.
- **Feeding low-quality "light" foods:** Some commercial "light" or "diet" foods are high in fillers and carbohydrates, which can be counterproductive. Focus on high-protein, low-carb options.
- **Not involving the whole household:** If you live with others, everyone must adhere to the same feeding rules. One person feeding extra treats can undo all the progress.

CONCLUSION: A HEALTHIER, HAPPIER CAT AWAITS

Learning **how to put your cat on a diet** is not just about restricting food; it is about making a holistic lifestyle change for your beloved companion. It requires commitment, consistency, and a deep understanding of feline nutrition. By working with your veterinarian, calculating precise calories, choosing the right food, implementing a structured feeding schedule, eliminating empty-calorie treats, and boosting daily activity, you can help your cat shed those extra pounds safely and effectively. The rewards are immense: a more energetic, playful cat, fewer health problems, potentially longer lifespan, and a stronger bond between you. Your cat may not thank you with words, but

their vibrant health and happier demeanor will be the greatest testament to your efforts. Start today, be patient, and celebrate the small victories along the way. Your cat's future well-being depends on the steps you take now.