
Chords To Jar Of Hearts Piano

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Piano by Bartlett & Broderick*

INTRODUCTION: UNDERSTANDING THE EMOTIONAL PULL OF "JAR OF HEARTS" ON PIANO

Christina Perri's "Jar of Hearts" is a modern ballad that has resonated with millions of listeners around the world. Its haunting melody, raw vulnerability, and powerful crescendo make it a favorite for pianists of all skill levels. Whether you are a beginner looking to play your first

complete song or an intermediate player seeking to refine your emotional delivery, learning the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** arrangement is a rewarding journey. The song's structure is deceptively simple, relying on a repeating yet evocative chord progression that supports the heart-wrenching lyrics. In this guide, we will break down the essential chords, explore the rhythmic patterns, discuss inversions for smoother transitions, and provide tips for capturing the song's emotional essence.

Understanding the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** version is not just about memorizing note names. It is about understanding how each chord change supports the story Perri tells. The song moves from quiet introspection to explosive emotional release, and your piano playing should mirror that arc. By the end of this article, you will have a complete roadmap to playing this iconic song with confidence and feeling.

THE CORE CHORD PROGRESSION: THE FOUNDATION OF "JAR OF HEARTS"

At the heart of the song lies a relatively straightforward chord progression. The entire piece is built around just a few chords, primarily in the key of C minor. This makes the **chords to Jar of Hearts**

piano structure accessible to beginners while still offering depth for more experienced players to experiment with voicings and dynamics. The main progression you will encounter in the verses and chorus is as follows:

- **Cm (C minor)**
- **Ab (A flat major)**
- **Eb (E flat major)**
- **Bb (B flat major)**

This is the backbone of the song. If you can play these four chords in a loop, you have the basic harmonic skeleton. However, the song also features a pre-chorus and bridge that introduce slight variations, adding tension and release. Let us examine each section in detail.

Verse Chords: Building the Sorrowful Mood

The verses of "Jar of Hearts" are intimate and restrained. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** in the verse section are played softly, often with a simple broken chord or arpeggiated pattern. The progression moves as follows:

1. **Cm** – This is the tonic chord, establishing the sad, minor key.
2. **Ab** – The sixth chord in the key of C minor, adding a sense of longing.
3. **Eb** – The third chord, providing a

lift before the descent.

4. **Bb** – The dominant seventh equivalent, creating tension that resolves back to Cm.

To play the verse authentically, focus on playing the chords as arpeggios. Instead of strumming all three notes at once, roll them softly from the lowest note to the highest. This mimics the gentle, trembling quality of the vocal delivery. A common beginner mistake is to hit the chords too hard. Remember, the verse is a whisper, not a shout. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** arrangement demands sensitivity.

Pre-Chorus

Chords: Introducing Tension

Just before the chorus, the song begins to build. The pre-chorus uses the same chords but often with a slight alteration in rhythm or a shift in inversion. Occasionally, you will hear an **Fm (F minor)** chord inserted to heighten the emotional stakes. The typical pre-chorus progression looks like this:

- **Cm**
- **Ab**

- **Eb**
- **Bb** – held longer, creating anticipation

The key here is to **gradually increase your volume**. Start the pre-chorus slightly louder than the verse, and let the intensity grow as you approach the chorus. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** pre-chorus is the springboard for the emotional climax.

Chorus Chords: The Emotional

Release

The chorus is where the song opens up. The chords remain the same—Cm, Ab, Eb, Bb—but the way you play them changes dramatically. Instead of gentle arpeggios, the chorus calls for full, resonant chords played with conviction. The right hand can take the melody while the left hand plays the root notes in octaves or full chords. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** chorus should feel cathartic.

One effective technique is to use **inversions** to create a smoother voice leading. For example, instead of jumping from a root position Cm to a root position Ab, you could play:

- Cm: C - Eb - G (root position)
- Ab: Ab - C - Eb (root position)
- Eb: Eb - G - Bb (root position)
- Bb: Bb - D - F (root position)

But consider this alternative for smoother transitions:

- Cm: C - Eb - G
- Ab: C - Eb - Ab (second inversion)
- Eb: Bb - Eb - G (second inversion)
- Bb: D - F - Bb (first inversion)

Experimenting with inversions will make your playing sound more professional and fluid. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** arrangement benefits greatly from such voice leading choices.

BRIDGE AND OUTRO: ADDING

DEPTH AND RESOLUTION

The bridge of "Jar of Hearts" provides a momentary departure from the main loop. Here, the chords shift slightly to create a sense of reflection before the final powerful chorus. You may encounter an **Fm** chord more prominently, as well as a **Bbsus4** or **Bb7** to increase tension. A typical bridge progression might be:

- **Fm** - the subdominant minor, adding darkness
- **Ab** - returning to familiar territory
- **Eb** - holding steady
- **Bb** - building to the final chorus

The outro often returns to a single **Cm** chord, played softly and allowed to ring out. This brings the song full circle,

ending on the same quiet, unresolved feeling with which it began. Understanding the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** in its entirety means appreciating how the bridge provides contrast before the final emotional peak.

LEFT HAND PATTERNS: SUPPORTING THE HARMONY

A crucial element of playing the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** effectively is mastering the left hand accompaniment. The left hand provides the rhythmic and harmonic foundation. Here are three common patterns you can use:

Simple Root Note Pattern

For beginners, simply playing the root note of each chord in the bass clef (C, Ab, Eb, Bb) on the downbeat of each measure is a great start. This allows you to focus on the right hand chords and melody.

Octave Bass Pattern

For a fuller sound, play the root note as an octave. For example, play C3 and C4 simultaneously with your left hand. This adds weight and depth, especially

effective during the chorus. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** arrangement often uses octaves in the left hand for dramatic effect.

Arpeggiated Bass Line

For a more expressive and flowing sound, arpeggiate the left hand. Instead of playing the root note once, play a broken pattern such as root-fifth-root-octave (C - G - C - C). This creates movement and momentum. This pattern works beautifully in the verses where the song is more delicate.

RIGHT HAND MELODY AND

CHORD VOICINGS

While the left hand handles the bass, the right hand is responsible for the chords and the melody. If you are playing a simplified version, you can play the melody with your right hand pinky and fill out the chord tones with the remaining fingers. However, if you want a more authentic rendition of the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** arrangement, consider these voicings:

- **Cm:** Right hand plays C - Eb - G (root position) or Eb - G - C (first inversion)
- **Ab:** Right hand plays Ab - C - Eb (root position) or C - Eb - Ab (second inversion)
- **Eb:** Right hand plays Eb - G - Bb (root position) or G - Bb - Eb (first

inversion)

- **Bb:** Right hand plays Bb - D - F (root position) or D - F - Bb (first inversion)

Using inversions keeps the hand moving minimally, which is essential for maintaining the smooth, flowing character of the song. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** version is all about economy of motion balanced with emotional weight.

RHYTHM AND DYNAMICS: THE SOUL OF THE SONG

Knowing the chords is only half the battle. To truly capture the spirit of "Jar of Hearts," you must pay attention to rhythm and dynamics. The song is in 4/4 time with a moderate tempo of around

76 beats per minute. Here are some specific tips:

Use a Soft Touch in the Verses

Play the arpeggiated chords with a gentle, almost hesitant touch. Let the piano sing without forcing the sound. This creates the vulnerable, confessional mood Perri evokes in her vocals.

Build Gradually into the Chorus

As you move into the pre-chorus, increase your volume and speed slightly.

When the chorus hits, play full chords with conviction. Use the sustain pedal generously to blur the harmonies and create a wash of sound. The **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** chorus should feel like a release of pent-up emotion.

Add Syncopation in the Chorus

In the chorus, you can add slight syncopation by playing the chords slightly behind the beat or by accenting off-beats. This mimics the urgency in Perri's voice when she sings, "And who do you think you are?"

Pedal Technique

Use the sustain pedal to connect chords, but change the pedal with each chord change to avoid muddying the harmony. A good rule of thumb is to release and re-press the pedal right after playing each new chord. This keeps the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** sound clean while still allowing for resonance.

COMMON CHALLENGES AND HOW TO OVERCOME THEM

Every pianist encounters difficulties when learning a new piece. Here are some common hurdles when tackling the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** and how to address them:

Transitioning Between Chords Smoothly

Problem: You pause or stumble when moving from Cm to Ab or from Eb to Bb.
Solution: Use inversions to minimize hand movement. Practice the transitions slowly, focusing on the exact finger positions. Over time, your muscle memory will take over.

Maintaining

Consistent Tempo

Problem: You speed up during the chorus or slow down during difficult transitions. Solution: Use a metronome. Start at a slow tempo (60 BPM) and gradually increase to the song's natural tempo of 76 BPM. Count aloud if necessary.

Balancing Left Hand and Right

Hand Volume

Problem: The left hand is too loud, overpowering the melody. Solution: Practice playing the right hand melody alone while humming the bass notes. Then add the left hand, keeping it significantly softer. The left hand should support, not dominate. Balancing the **chords to Jar of Hearts piano** arrangement is key to a professional sound.

Expressing Emotion Without

Overplaying

Problem: You hit the keys too hard in an

attempt to convey emotion, resulting in a harsh sound. Solution: Think of your fingertips